NAME OF THE COURSE Basics of Information Technology								
Code	ECA005			Year of study			I	
Course teacher	Associate Professor Marko Hell Assistant professor Tea Mijač		Credits (ECTS)	6 ECTS				
Associate teachers	Full Professor Maja Ćukušić Full Professor Mario Jadrić Assistant professor Tea Mijač			Type of instruction (number of hours)	L 26	S	E 26	F
Status of the course	Compulsory			Percentage of application of e-learning	40%			<u> </u>
		COURSE DES	SCRIP	TION				
Course objectives Course enrolment	<ul> <li>Get a complete insight into the technical concepts of IT systems.</li> <li>Develop the ability of students to use office tools for communication and presentation.</li> <li>No prerequisites.</li> </ul>							
requirements and entry competences required for the course								
Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	1. Identify the underlying logic and the hardware basis of IT systems. 2. Categorize software and differentiate it using classification criteria. 3. Link concepts of data, information and databases with information systems. 4. Identify the importance of computer networks and web technology development for modern information systems. 5. Solve tasks from the area of communication, presentation and business analysis using office tools.					ıs.		
	Lectures Exercises:							
	Week	Topic	Hours	Topic		Н	ours	
Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	1	IT basics of a classic work environment. Business informatics. Mathematical and logical foundations of IT technologies.	2	Basic concepts of M Windows; Windows Explorer; Internet E: E-mail; Moodle. Exe Upload a document Moodle's e-Learning system.	xplore ercise: to		2	
	2	Hardware. Software. Introduction to software development.	2	Microsoft Office Wo Launch MS Word an to know its interface with document; Wor text. Formatting the entered text; Editing documents.	nd get e; Work rk with	k	2	

	I N	1			
3	Networking within a workplace setting.	2	Microsoft Office Word: Working with tables; Insert symbols and footnotes; Writing formula.	2	
4	Virtualization for business. Client/server concept. Web applications. Cloud computing.	2	Microsoft Office PowerPoint: Introduction to MS PowerPoint; Working with the site. Edit a textual presentation section; Edit the graphic part of the presentation.	2	
5	Information systems based on cloud technology. Cloud usage in the organization. Social networks.	2	Microsoft Office PowerPoint: Adding transition and animation effects; Integration of previous knowledge: development of your own presentation.	2	
6	Digitization and digital transformation of business. Basic data concepts. Data organization.	2	Microsoft Office Excel: Introduction to MS Excel; Work lists.	2	
7	Data sources in business. Information as business value	2	Microsoft Office Excel: Data entry and formatting in Excel; Working with cells, columns and rows; Excel as a database.	2	
8	Theory test				
9	Business information systems.	2	Microsoft Office Excel: Basic Data Analysis Functions;	2	
10	Introduction to Artificial intelligence. Al technology.	2	Microsoft Office Excel: ; Team Assignment – Using Tools on a Business Case	2	
11	Artificial intelligence in business environment.	2	Microsoft Office Excel: Mathematical functions; Textual Functions; Logical and address functions.	2	
12	Block chain technology.	2	Microsoft Office Excel: Using graph to display data graphs.	2	

		Cryptocurrencies	1	Mioros	oft Office Event		
		Cryptocurrencies.		Microsoft Office Excel: Team Assignment:			
	13		2	Analysi	s and Use of	2	
				_	ms in a Business		
				Case			
		Accepting the future		Microso	oft Office Excel:		
	14	trends: Web 4.0 and	2	Exercis	es on the example	es 2	
		beyond.		of MS I	Excel tests.		
	15	Theory test		Test M	icrosoft Office Exc	el.	
	x lecture	es			x independent as	signmen	ts
	□ semir	nars and workshops			x multimedia	J	
Format of	x exercis				☐ laboratory		
instruction		e in entirety			☐ work with mer		
	x partiai □ field v	e-learning work			☐ self-evaluation online quizzes (o		bugn
		urse work can be describe	d as a	a metho	· ·		progress
		ve assessment) evaluation s					
		ed which enables the stude					
		hat every student collects su			•	•	•
Student	_	ne semester. In this model, a			9	-	-
responsibilities	-	other activities and enabling ment for the exam: In order f					
	-	exam, they need to collect 4		_	•		-
		al exam requirement is partic	-		-		
	for the p	art-time students).					
Screening student work	Class at	tendance	2 ECTS	Resea	train	ng	
(name the proportion of	Experim	ental work		Repoi	(Oth	er)	
ECTS credits for each	Essay			Semir	1 1011177		1 ECTS
activity so that	Loody			essay	(Oth	er)	1 2010
the total number of			2,7	Oral		shop	0,3
ECTS credits	Tests		ECTS		parti	cipation	ECTS
is equal to the					,	51 <i>)</i>	
ECTS value of the course)	Written 6			Projec	(Oth		
		to achieve permanent learni	-		_		
		e knowledge verification test or the purpose of connecting			• •	-	•
		With each task, the student					-
Grading and		6 points.			1,5 = 1,10		(
evaluating student work	The teaching material is divided into 5 basic units. After each unit, there is a knowledge verification test for assessing the adopted material of the taught unit. W						
in class and at							
the final exam	Looph toot a student can carn up to E nainte i a a maximum at (EXE nainte) DE nair					•	
		a written exam (during the e	-		, ,		
			Λαιιι ιπ	:110a - 111	axiiiiuiii za ooiiiis	) II Ne na	s met
		litions for taking the exam. Ir	-				

the knowledge test or colloquium. If a student has not achieved enough during the semester for a direct grade entry but has earned the right to a signature, they must take the exam.

During class, the subject teacher can award additional points to students who actively contribute to the development of the discussion during class.

The practical part of the class, which deals with the tools of office business, is scored through teamwork and work tasks on tests in the colloquium term. This way, a student can earn a maximum of 30 points.

Overall, a student can earn a maximum of 75 points during classes.

Threshold and related grades:

- 41 to 50 the right to take the exam
- 51 to 60 sufficient (2)
- 61 to 75 good (3)

A student can earn more than 75 points by writing a research paper in agreement with the subject teacher or by taking an oral exam. The oral exam is based on three questions through which the student demonstrates understanding and description of the concepts of information technology (very good), and the ability to differentiate between them in their applicability (excellent). A student can obtain a maximum of 25 points in an oral exam or by writing a research paper.

- 76-85 very good (4)
- 86-100 excellent (5)

If a student does not pass the knowledge assessments during the semester, they are required to take the exam. The exam consists of a written part, followed by a mandatory oral examination. The written part includes theoretical questions and a practical Excel test (if the student has not passed through midterm exams). After passing the written part, the student proceeds to the oral exam, which determines the final grade.

A student who fails the final exam must retake the entire exam (both the written and oral parts) in the next exam period. The points earned during the semester are valid only for that academic year.

Required
literature
(available in
the library and
via other
media)

Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
Online material		Moodle
Željko Garača: ERP sustavi, Ekonomski fakultet Split, Split	23	

## Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)

Peter Ekman, Peter Dahlin i Christina Keller (2022): Management and Information Technology after Digital Transformation, Routledge

Bosilj Vukšić, V., Peić Bach, M.: "Poslovna informatika", Element, Zagreb, 2012.

Papers:Garača, Željko: Unapređenje poslovnih procesa kroz aplikacijsku potporu //
Utjecaj organizacijskih varijabli na uspjeh programa unapređenja poslovnih
procesa / Buble, Marin (ur.). Split: Sveučilište u Splitu, Ekonomski fakultet, 2010.
str. 26-37.

	<ul> <li>Mijač, Tea; Jadrić, Mario; Ćukušić, Maja: In Search of a Framework for User- Oriented Data- Driven Development of Information Systems // Economic and business review: for Central and South-Eastern Europe, 21 (2019), 3; 439-465 doi:10.15458/ebr.89 (međunarodna recenzija, članak, znanstveni)</li> <li>Jadrić, Mario; Ćukušić, Maja; Garača, Željko: Exploring the Responsibilities and Practices Behind Information Security Governance // Proceedings of the 4th International OFEL Conference on Governance, Management and Entrepreneurship / Tipurić, Darko; Kovač, Ivana (ur.). Zagreb, Hrvatska: CIRU - Governance research and development centre, 2016. str. 328-342.</li> </ul>
Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	<ul> <li>Monitoring attendance and performance of other student obligations (teacher)</li> <li>Teaching Supervision (Vicedean for Teaching)</li> <li>Analysis of the success of studies in all subject studies (Vicedean for Teaching)</li> <li>Student Survey on the Quality of Teachers and Teaching for Each Subject Study (UNIST, Center for Quality Improvement)</li> <li>The exam conducted by the subject teacher examines all learning outcomes of the subject. Periodic examination of the content of the exam is conducted on the basis of which the appropriateness of the method of checking the learning outcomes (Vicedean for Teaching)</li> </ul>
Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	