NAME OF THE COURS	E	International Econom	ics I					
Code	EUE201		Year of study		3.			
Course teacher	Dražen Derado, Ph.D. Vladimir Šimić, Ph.D.		Credits (ECTS)		6			
A i - t l			Type of instruction (number of hours)		L	S	Ε	F
Associate teachers					26		26	
Status of the course	mandat	orv.	Percentage of of e-learning	application	30%			
		COURSE	DESCRIPTION					
Course objectives	enablin of inter	The aim of the course is to give theoretical knowledge and empirical evidence thus enabling students to understand: the causes and advantages of international trade, effects of international trade policy measures, the role of the balance of payments and benefits of its stability for the entire economy.						
Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	<ul> <li>Course enrolment requirements: regulated by the Statute of the Faculty of Economics, and the Regulation on study and studying.</li> <li>Entry competences include computer skills (program package Microsoft Office) and English language proficiency.</li> </ul>							
Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	<ol> <li>LEARNING OUTCOME FOR THE COURSE: to analyse specific problems in the field of international economics, based on knowledge on economic theory and policy (level 7).</li> <li>INDIVIDUAL LEARNING OUTCOMES:         <ol> <li>to find out the degree of applicability of different theories in explaining causes and consequences on international trade (level 6/7).</li> <li>to predict trade pattern in relation to specific characteristics of home economy (level 6/7).</li> <li>to recommend international trade policy measures (level 6/7).</li> <li>to formulate own conclusions on the state of an economy based on the balance of payments data (level 6/7).</li> <li>to identify conditions for stabilization of the balance of payments (level 6).</li> </ol> </li> </ol>							
Course content broken down in detail	Lectures			Exercises				
by weekly class								
schedule (syllabus)		Topic	Hours		Topi	С		Hours
	The role of international tra national economy		de in 2		ion to the course. Outline course requirements.			2
	Ricardo's theory of comparative advantage		ative 2		ulum revision. Student presentations.		2	
	Neoclassical analysis of Ricardo's theory of comparative advantage		,		ulum revision. Student presentations.		2	
	Heckscher-Ohlin theory		2		ulum revision. Student presentations.		2	
	Modern trade theories			<del></del>	ulum revision. Student presentations.		1	

	Internation	al factor n	nobility	2	Curric	culum revision. Student presentations.	2	
	Analysis of benefits from international trade				Curric	2		
	Instruments of trade policy – tariffs, quotas and export subsidies			2	Curric	Curriculum revision. Student presentations.		
	Strategic trade policy			2	Curric	urriculum revision. Student presentations.		
	Balance of payments				Curric	2		
	Exchange rate and foreign exchange market				Curriculum revision. Student presentations.			
	Mutual equilibrium in economy			2	Curric	urriculum revision. Student presentations.		
	Mutual equilibrium through economic policy measures			2	Curric	presentations.		
Format of instruction	<ul> <li>☑ lectures</li> <li>☑ seminars and workshops</li> <li>☑ exercises</li> <li>☐ on line in entirety</li> <li>☑ partial e-learning</li> <li>☐ field work</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>independent assignments</li> <li>multimedia</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>work with mentor</li> <li>other: guest lectures</li> </ul>				
Student responsibilities	<ul> <li>regular class attendance (min. 70% of lectures and min. 70% of seminars)</li> <li>submission of seminar in written format including oral presentation.</li> </ul>							
Screening student work (name the	Class 1 Research				Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report			Quiz		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay Seminar es		say	1				
credits is equal to the	Tests 4* Oral exam			2				
ECTS value of the course)	Written exam	2	Project					
Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	<ul> <li>* Passing two progress tests can replace the written exam.</li> <li>• PRE-TERM EXAM: includes passing two progress tests; final mark is calculated as a simple average of the success on two progress tests (each carrying 50% of the final grade) according to the following distribution of points: <ul> <li>0-49 points: insufficient (1),</li> <li>50-64 points: sufficient (2),</li> <li>65-79 points: good (3),</li> <li>80-89 points: very good (4),</li> <li>90-100 points: excellent (5).</li> </ul> </li> <li>• EXAM: positively graded written and oral exam entail passing the course; final mark is calculated as a simple average of the success on written and oral exams (each carrying 50% of the final grade).</li> </ul>							

	All tests (progress tests and final exams) can be carried o	ut in written an	d/or oral form,				
	either in physical or virtual environment.  Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
	Gandolfo, G., (2014), International Trade Theory and		e-book				
	Policy (2nd ed.), Heidelberg: Springer.  Husted, S., Melvin, M., (2013), International Economics						
Required literature	(9 <sup>th</sup> ed.), Essex: Pearson Education.						
(available in the	Van Marrewijk, C., (2002), International Trade and World						
library and via other media)	Economy, Oxford: Oxford University Press.						
mediaj	Derado, D. (201.), authorized lecture materials.	-	Intranet EFST (www.efst.hr)				
Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Books:  1. Salvatore, D., (2011), International Economics - Towns Wiley.	rade and Financ	e, Hoboken, NJ:				
	<ol> <li>Chipman, J. S., (2008), The Theory of International Trade: Volume 1, Cheltenham: Edward Elgar.</li> <li>Chipman, J. S., (200.), The Theory of International Trade: Volume 2, Cheltenham: Edward Elgar.</li> </ol>						
	<ol> <li>Maneschi, A., (1998), Comparative Advantage in International Trade - A Historical Perspective, Cheltenham: Edward Elgar.</li> <li>Kerr, W. A., Gaisford, J. D. (eds.), (2007), Handbook on International Trade Policy, Cheltenham: Edward Elgar.</li> </ol>						
	6. Dlousch, B., Freytag, A., Krüger, M., (1996), International Competitiveness and the Balance of Payments - Do Current Account Deficits and Surpluses Matter?,  Cheltenham: Edward Elgar.						
	7. Broadman, H. G. (ed.), (2005), From Disintegration to Integration - Eastern Europe and the Former Soviet Union in International Trade, Washington: World Bank.  Scientific papers:						
	8. Maškarin Ribarić, H., Derado, D., Čikeš V., (2018), International Comparison of Productivity in manufacturing and Services with Reference to Sickness Leaves, 7th International Scientific Symposium 'Economy of Eastern Croatia - Vison and Growth', Osijek: Ekonomski fakultet, pp. 346-359.						
	<ol> <li>Derado, D., (2008), Effects of Trade Liberalization in Croatia: An Approximation of the Integration Effects with the EU, Zagreb International Review of Economics and Business, 11(1), pp. 81-96.</li> <li>Other publications:</li> </ol>						
	10. VOX CEPR Policy Portal (https://voxeu.org/).						
		World Economics Association (https://www.worldeconomicsassociation.org/).					
	12. Eurostat (http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat).						
		13. Croatian Bureau of Statistics (https://www.dzs.hr/default_e.htm).					

Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	<ul> <li>Monitoring of class attendance and success in realization of students' duties (teacher).</li> <li>Supervision of lecture progress (Vice-Dean for Education).</li> <li>Analysis of success rate per core subjects (mandatory and elective) throughout the study programme (Vice-Dean for Education).</li> <li>Students' Survey (University of Split, Centre for Quality Improvement).</li> <li>Exams ascertain the realization of the learning outcomes per course. Exam content is regularly checked (Vice-Dean for Education).</li> </ul>
Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Lectures are held in English language.